SET 3: BIOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION

- 1. The two-kingdom classification was proposed by
 - a) Aristotle
 - b) Linnaeus
 - c) Whittaker
 - d) Haeckel
- 2. The two-kingdom classification failed mainly because
 - a) It was based only on morphology
 - b) It separated unicellular and multicellular organisms
 - c) It ignored prokaryotes
 - d) It considered only animals
- 3. Whittaker's system was based on which main criteria?
 - a) Habitat and morphology
 - b) Cell structure, nutrition, reproduction, and phylogeny
 - c) Habitat and color
 - d) DNA composition only
- 4. Which kingdom includes organisms without a nuclear membrane?
 - a) Monera
 - b) Protista
 - c) Fungi
 - d) Animalia
- 5. Which of the following kingdoms has organisms with chitin cell walls?
 - a) Plantae
 - b) Monera
 - c) Fungi
 - d) Protista
- 6. The term "cyanobacteria" refers to
 - a) Blue-green algae
 - b) Red algae
 - c) Brown algae
 - d) Green algae
- 7. The cell wall of most bacteria is made up of
 - a) Cellulose
 - b) Chitin
 - c) Peptidoglycan
 - d) Silica

- 8. The most primitive organisms according to Whittaker are
 - a) Protists
 - b) Monerans
 - c) Fungi
 - d) Plants
- 9. Archaebacteria are found in
 - a) Normal soil only
 - b) Extreme environments
 - c) Freshwater ponds
 - d) Air
- 10. Methanogens produce
 - a) Methanol
 - b) Methane
 - c) Ethanol
 - d) Carbon dioxide

- 11. Halophiles live in
 - a) Acidic conditions
 - b) Salty environments
 - c) Hot springs
 - d) Cold deserts
- 12. Thermoacidophiles survive because
 - a) They have heat-resistant spores
 - b) They have unique enzymes and cell walls
 - c) They perform photosynthesis
 - d) They are eukaryotic
- 13. Chemosynthetic bacteria are important because they
 - a) Produce oxygen
 - b) Recycle nutrients
 - c) Cause diseases
 - d) Fix atmospheric nitrogen only
- 14. Blue-green algae differ from green algae in
 - a) Chlorophyll type
 - b) Cell type (prokaryotic vs eukaryotic)
 - c) Mode of nutrition
 - d) Shape

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	15. Which of the following causes citrus canker?a) Virusb) Fungusc) Bacteriumd) Viroid
	16. Which kingdom includes unicellular eukaryotes? a) Monera b) Protista c) Fungi d) Plantae
	17. Diatoms have overlapping shells made of — a) Chitin b) Silica c) Protein d) Calcium carbonate
	18. Diatomaceous earth is used for — a) Making cement b) Filtration and polishing c) Fertilization d) Insulation
	 19. The pigment composition of euglenoids resembles — a) Fungi b) Higher plants c) Algae d) Bacteria
	 20. Which of the following have two flagella — one longitudinal and one transverse? a) Euglenoids b) Dinoflagellates c) Protozoans d) Chrysophytes

- 21. Red tides are caused by
 - a) Euglenoids
 - b) Red dinoflagellates
 - c) Cyanobacteria
 - d) Red algae

 22. Slime moulds obtain food by — a) Photosynthesis b) Absorbing dead organic matter c) Parasitism d) Symbiosis 	
 23. The body of a slime mould during growth is called — a) Mycelium b) Plasmodium c) Thallus d) Colony 	
24. Protozoans are placed under — a) Protista b) Animalia c) Monera d) Fungi	
25. Amoeboid protozoans capture food by — a) Flagella b) Cilia c) Pseudopodia d) Tentacles	
26. Trypanosoma causes — a) Malaria b) Sleeping sickness c) Dysentery d) Cholera	
 27. Paramecium moves by — a) Pseudopodia b) Cilia c) Flagella d) Amoeboid flow 	
 28. The infectious stage in the life cycle of Plasmodium is — a) Trophozoite b) Sporozoite c) Gametocyte d) Zygote 	
 29. Which of the following reproduces by fragmentation, fission and buddir a) Fungi b) Monera c) Protista d) Virus 	ıg?

- 30. The common bread mould is
 - a) Aspergillus
 - b) Rhizopus
 - c) Penicillium
 - d) Puccinia

- 31. In fungi, the network of hyphae is called
 - a) Mycelium
 - b) Plasmodium
 - c) Colony
 - d) Thallus
- 32. The coenocytic hyphae are
 - a) Multicellular and septate
 - b) Multinucleate and non-septate
 - c) Uninucleate
 - d) Septate with cross walls
- 33. Fungi obtain their nutrition by
 - a) Photosynthesis
 - b) Absorption
 - c) Engulfing food
 - d) Diffusion
- 34. In fungi, asexual spores produced exogenously are
 - a) Conidia
 - b) Sporangiospores
 - c) Zoospores
 - d) Oospores
- 35. The fungi with no known sexual stage are called
 - a) Perfect fungi
 - b) Imperfect fungi
 - c) True fungi
 - d) Mycorrhiza
- 36. Mushrooms belong to the class
 - a) Ascomycetes
 - b) Basidiomycetes
 - c) Deuteromycetes
 - d) Phycomycetes

- 37. The parasitic fungus Puccinia belongs to
 - a) Ascomycetes
 - b) Basidiomycetes
 - c) Deuteromycetes
 - d) Phycomycetes
- 38. The fungus used in antibiotic production is
 - a) Penicillium
 - b) Aspergillus
 - c) Neurospora
 - d) Yeast
- 39. The edible fungi morels and truffles belong to
 - a) Ascomycetes
 - b) Basidiomycetes
 - c) Deuteromycetes
 - d) Phycomycetes
- 40. Mycorrhiza helps plants mainly in
 - a) Photosynthesis
 - b) Nitrogen fixation
 - c) Water and mineral absorption
 - d) Reproduction

- 41. Which kingdom includes heterotrophic, multicellular organisms without cell walls?
 - a) Plantae
 - b) Animalia
 - c) Protista
 - d) Fungi
- 42. Animal food is stored in the form of
 - a) Starch
 - b) Cellulose
 - c) Glycogen
 - d) Fatty acids only
- 43. The genetic material in viruses is
 - a) DNA only
 - b) RNA only
 - c) Either DNA or RNA
 - d) Both DNA and RNA

- 44. Tobacco Mosaic Virus (TMV) has a) DNA b) RNA c) Protein only d) DNA and RNA 45. Bacteriophages infect a) Fungi b) Bacteria c) Algae d) Protozoa 46. The crystalline form of viruses outside host cells indicates that they are a) Non-living b) Living c) Active d) Autotrophic 47. Viroids are infectious agents made up of a) Protein coat only b) Free RNA without protein coat c) DNA and protein d) RNA and protein coat
 - 48. The disease caused by viroid is
 - a) Potato spindle tuber
 - b) Mad cow disease
 - c) Influenza
 - d) AIDS
 - 49. Prions differ from viruses as they lack
 - a) Nucleic acid
 - b) Protein coat
 - c) Capsid
 - d) RNA
 - 50. Lichens are formed by a symbiotic association between
 - a) Algae and fungi
 - b) Bacteria and fungi
 - c) Virus and algae
 - d) Algae and bacteria

Answers: Set 3

Q	Ans								
1	b	2	а	3	b	4	а	5	С
6	а	7	С	8	b	9	b	10	b
11	b	12	b	13	b	14	b	15	С
16	b	17	b	18	b	19	b	20	b
21	b	22	b	23	b	24	а	25	С
26	b	27	b	28	b	29	а	30	b
31	а	32	b	33	b	34	а	35	b
36	b	37	b	38	а	39	а	40	С
41	b	42	С	43	С	44	b	45	b
46	а	47	b	48	а	49	а	50	а